CDISC MRCT Controlled Terminology, 2025-09-26

Source: NCI EVS Terminology Resources website: http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/cancerlibrary/terminologyresources/cdisc

NCI Code	CDISC Submission Value	Codelist Name	CDISC Definition	Codelist Extensible
C203912	MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary	MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary	The terminology relevant to the plain language glossary of the Multi-Regional Clinical Trial (MRCT) Center of Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard.	

MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary (MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary)

NCI Code: C203912, Codelist extensible:

C203912	MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary			
NCI Code	**CDISC Submission Value**	**CDISC Synonym**	**CDISC Definition**	**NCI Preferred Term**
C203914	additive effect		The combined effect when two or more things are used together. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/additive-effect/)	Additive Effect
C25729	adherence		Following the study directions and requirements. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/adherence/)	Adherence
C41331	adverse event		Any health problem that happens during a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/adverse-event/)	Adverse Event
C41332	adverse reaction		A health problem that happens during a study and is reported as possibly caused by the study treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/adverse-reaction/)	Adverse Reaction
C142392	anonymize		Remove, change, or hide personal details to protect participant privacy. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/anonymize/)	Anonymization
C16295	antibody		A protein made by the body to fight an illness or infection. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/antibody/)	Antibody
C268	antigen		A substance that causes the body's immune system to react. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/antigen/)	Antigen
C70800	approval (IRB/ethics)		Official decision by an ethics committee to allow a research study involving human participants to begin. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/approval-irb-ethics/)	Institutional Review Board Approval
C15538	arm		A group of participants in a research study who all receive the same study treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/arm/)	Protocol Treatment Arm
C203934	assent form		A document used to explain the details of a research study to children or people who are unable to give legal consent. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/assent-form/)	Assent Form
C161418	assent		Willingness to take part in a research study by someone who is not able to give legal consent. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/assent/)	Informed Assent
C25217	assessment		Information that is collected and analyzed from a study participant. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/assessment/)	Assessment
C142400	baseline assessment		Information that is collected and analyzed from a study participant at the start of a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/baseline-assessment/)	Baseline Assessment
C209461	basket trial		A research study that tests one study treatment for different diseases and conditions. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/basket-trial/)	Basket Trial
C203915	benefits of a research study		The ways a research study might help the participant and others. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/benefits-of-a-research-study/)	Benefits of a Research Study
C28232	bias (research)		Flaws in the way a study is designed, done, or analyzed that lead to one conclusion being favored over another. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/research-bias/)	Bias
C179748	biobanking (research)		Storing biological samples from participants for future research. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/biobanking-research/)	Biospecimen Storage
C16342	biomarker		Something in the body that is measured as an indicator of personal health or disease. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/biomarker/)	Biomarker
C37932	birth control		A way to prevent pregnancy. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/birth-control/)	Contraception
C49068	blinding		A way to keep participants, and often study staff, from knowing which study treatment a participant is assigned. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/blinding/)	Blinded
C28221	blood draw		Taking a sample of blood by using a needle. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/blood-draw/)	Phlebotomy
C15197	case-control study		Research that uses existing data to compare a group of participants with a disease or trait to a group without the same disease or trait. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/case-control-study/)	Case-Control Study
C142422	clinical benefit		A health change that researchers measure to show that the study treatment helps the study participants. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/clinical-benefit/)	Clinical Benefit
C51811	Clinical Research Coordinator (CRC)		A research staff member who helps manage studies. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/clinical-research-coordinator-crc/)	Clinical Coordinator
C142435	clinical research		A type of science that uses people's data to study health, illness, behaviors, or conditions in careful and defined ways. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/clinical-research/)	Clinical Research and Development
C71104	clinical trial		A research study that tests drugs, devices and treatments to see if they are safe and work in people. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/clinical-trial/)	Clinical Trial
C85499	clinician		A health care provider. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/clinician/)	Clinician
C61512	cohort		A group of study participants that are similar in some way. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/cohort/)	Cohort
C203916	Comparative Effectiveness Research (CER)		A study comparing two or more treatments. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/comparative-effectiveness-research-cer/)	Comparative Effectiveness Research
C142458	comparator		Something that is compared to the study treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/comparator/)	Comparator
C209471	compensation (study)		Money and other forms of payment that may be given to participants for completing study activities. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/compensation-study/)	Study Compensation
C39490	compliance		Following research requirements. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/compliance/)	Patient Compliance
C17204	Computerized Tomography (CT) scan		A way to take pictures of the inside of a person's body using a type of radiation and a computer. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/computerized-tomography-ct-scan/)	Computed Tomography
C70902	concomitant medications		Non-study medicines that are allowed to be taken at the same time as the study treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/concomitant-medications/)	Concomitant Agent
C153144	conduct		To do a study or procedure. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/conduct/)	Study Conduct
C53324	confidence interval		The defined range of numbers used to describe where the results are expected to fall. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/confidence-interval/)	Confidence Interval
C16466	confidentiality		Protecting personal information from people who should not have access. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/confidentiality/)	Confidentiality
C209462	confounding		When the study outcome is influenced by outside conditions that were not expected by the study researchers. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/confounding/)	Confounding Variable
C16468	consent form		A document used to explain the planned research before a person decides whether or not to join a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/consent-form/)	Consent Form
C54148	Contract Research Organization (CRO)		A group that is paid by the study sponsor to support research studies. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/contract-research-organization-cro/)	Contract Research Organization
C28143	control group		The people in a study who do not receive the study treatment or do not have the condition being studied. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/control-group/)	Control Group
C48834	correlation		When two or more measures are linked. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/correlation/)	Correlation
C82637	crossover trial		A type of study where each participant receives all the study treatments but in a randomly assigned order. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/crossover-trial/)	Crossover Study
C142489	Data Monitoring Committee/Data and Safety Monitoring Board (DMC/DSMB)		An independent group of experts that reviews study data to make sure that patient safety is protected. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/data-monitoring-committee-data-and-safety-monitoring)	Data Monitoring Committee
C25474	data		Information collected from or about people taking part in a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/data/)	Data
C203935	database (research)		Information that is collected and organized to be used for research. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/database-research/)	Research Database
C176257	decentralized clinical trial		A type of research study where some or all of the participant's study-related activities happen at places other than a single study site. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/decentralized-clinical-trial/)	Decentralized Clinical Trial
C142444	discontinue (participant)		To remove a study participant from a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/discontinue-participant/)	Study Subject Discontinuation
C49502	discontinue (study treatment)		To stop a study treatment in a participant. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/discontinue-study-treatment/)	Drug Withdrawn
C17747	disease progression		An illness getting worse over time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/disease-progression/)	Disease Progression
C17751	disease-free survival		The length of time after treatment that a person lives without the illness coming back. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/disease-free-survival/)	Disease-Free Survival
C90475	dose escalation study		A kind of study where increasing amounts of a study treatment are given to different groups to find the best dose. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/dose-escalation-study/)	Titration Study
C15228	double-blind study		A study that is set up so that the study treatment that each participant receives is not known by the participants or the researchers. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/double-blind-study/)	Double Blind Study
C203919	drug holiday		A time period decided between the participant and study team when a medication is stopped and then re-started. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/drug-holiday/)	Drug Holiday
C15986	drug therapy		The use of medicine to treat a disease, condition, or symptom. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/drug-therapy/)	Pharmacotherapy
C203920	e-consent (form)		An electronic version of an informed consent form. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/e-consent-form/)	Electronic Consent Form
C142522	effectiveness		How well a treatment works. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/effectiveness/)	Effectiveness
C88183	efficacy		How well a study treatment works in the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/efficacy/)	Efficacy
C16112	eligibility criteria		The reasons a person can be included in, or excluded from, a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/eligibility-criteria/)	Clinical Trial Eligibility Criteria
C96966	Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)		A process to make a treatment or vaccine available during a public health emergency, before all research is complete, and before full approval is granted. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/emergency-use-authorization-eua/)	Emergency Use Authorization
C25212	endpoint		A measure of the expected effect of the study treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/endpoint/)	End Point
C37948	enroll		The action of a participant joining the study after providing informed consent. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/enroll/)	Enrollment
C17843	epidemiologist		A person who studies where, why, how often, and to what populations health concerns and diseases happen. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/epidemiologist/)	Epidemiologist
C142539	equivalence		When two or more things in a study are about the same. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/equivalence/)	Equivalence Trial

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C203921	equivalent (effect)		The same or almost the same result. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/equivalent-effect/)	Equivalent Effect
C142533	eSignature		A way for a person to sign their name using a computer or device, instead of signing on paper. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/esignature/)	Electronic Signature
C25370	exclusion criteria		A list of reasons a person cannot be included in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/exclusion-criteria/)	Exclusion Criteria
C98722	expanded access		A process for a doctor to request an unapproved treatment for a seriously ill patient. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/expanded-access/)	Expanded Access Study
C147146	exploratory research		A process to find facts that can guide the design of future studies. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/exploratory-research/)	Exploratory Research
C154589	focus group		A group interview to learn what people think about a topic. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/focus-group/)	Focus Group
C25515	frequency		How often something happens over a period of time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/frequency/)	Temporal Frequency
C142429	generalizability		How research results can apply to people who were not part of the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/generalizability/)	Clinical Generalizability
C15709	genetic testing		A medical test that could identify a health risk to them or their biological family members by looking at their genes (DNA). (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/genetic-testing/)	Genetic Testing
C93150	hazard ratio		A measure of risk that compares two treatments in the same study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/hazard-ratio/)	Hazard Ratio
C49651	healthy volunteer		A study participant who does not have a disease or condition, including the one being studied. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/healthy-volunteer/)	Healthy Subject
C27998	hereditary		A parent's features and traits being passed to their biological children before birth. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/hereditary/)	Hereditary
C70665	human subject		A person who participates in a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/human-subject/)	Human Study Subject
C142668	hypothesis		An idea that is tested in a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/hypothesis/)	Research Hypothesis
C17930	immune response		The body's reaction to a substance, illness, or infection. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/immune-response/)	Immune Response Process
C16726	incidence		Number of new cases or events during a period of time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/incidence/)	Incidence
C25532	inclusion criteria		A list of requirements a person must meet to take part in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/inclusion-criteria/)	Inclusion Criteria
C16735	informed consent		The process of learning and discussing the details of a research study before deciding whether to take part. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/informed-consent/)	Informed Consent
C15388	infusion		A way to give a fluid to the study participant, usually through a vein. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/infusion/)	Infusion Procedure
C16741	Institutional Review Board (IRB)		A team of people who review studies to protect the rights and welfare of study participants. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/institutional-review-board-irb/)	Institutional Review Board
C82667	Investigational Device Exemption (IDE)		An approval given by the United States Food & Drug Administration to use a medical tool, instrument, test, or method in a study that enrolls people. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigational-device-exemption-ide/)	Investigational Device Exemption
C72968	investigational device		A medical tool, instrument, or test that has not yet been approved for the reason being studied in the research. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigational-device/)	Investigational Medical Device
C202579	investigational medicine		A treatment or drug that is not yet approved for the condition being studied. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigational-medicine/)	Investigational Medicinal Product
C96090	Investigational New Drug (IND) application		An application to the United States Food & Drug Administration (FDA) to get permission to use a drug in a research study that enrolls people. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigational-new-drug-ind-application/)	Investigational New Drug Application
C41161	investigational product		A drug, device, vaccine or other treatment being tested in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigational-product/)	Protocol Agent
C25936	investigator		A person who leads a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/investigator/)	Investigator
C16032	long-term follow-up (research)		When researchers continue to collect data from study participants after initial research activities are completed. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/long-term-follow-up-research/)	Long-term Follow-up
C15273	longitudinal study		Research that collects data from the same participants over a long time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/longitudinal-study/)	Longitudinal Study
C16809	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)		A way to take pictures of the inside of a person's body with a machine that uses strong magnets and radio waves. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/magnetic-resonance-imaging-mri/)	Magnetic Resonance Imaging
C191278	masking (study treatment)		Hiding or covering what the study treatments look like so participants cannot tell the difference. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/masking-study-treatment/)	Masking
C165770	master protocol		An overall research plan that guides sub-studies that have their own research questions. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/master-protocol/)	Master Protocol
C25564	maximum		The most or largest amount. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/maximum/)	Maximum
C53319	mean		The average. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/mean/)	Arithmetic Mean
C28007	median		The middle number in a set of numbers when listed in order from lowest to highest. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/median/)	Median
C16830	medical device		A test kit, implant, or other item that can be used, worn, or inserted to prevent, diagnose, monitor, or treat a disease, condition, or symptom. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/medical-device/)	Medical Device
C25570	minimal	minimum	Very small. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/minimal/)	Minimum
C156663	minor		Someone considered too young to give legal consent. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/minor/)	Minor Person
C61256	monitor		To observe, check or evaluate something in a study over time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/monitor/)	Monitoring
C184382	morbidity (rate)		The number of people who develop a disease or illness in a group over time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/morbidity-rate/)	Morbidity Rate
C16880	mortality (rate)		The number of deaths in a group of people over time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/mortality-rate/)	Mortality Rate
C16104	multicenter trial		A study that takes place at more than one research center. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/multicenter-trial/)	Multi-Institutional Clinical Trial
C35681	negative test result		A test result that shows a person does not have what was tested for. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/negative-test-result/)	Negative Test Result
C203922	negligible		So small that it has little to no impact. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/negligible/)	Negligible
C201294	non-compliance		Not following research requirements. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/non-compliance/)	Subject Noncompliance
C184386	non-inferiority trial		A study to test if a study treatment works about as well as another treatment for the same condition. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/non-inferiority-trial/)	Non-Inferiority Trial
C142450	objective		A purpose or goal of a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/objective/)	Clinical Trial Objective
C16084	observational study		A study that collects health information about study participants without giving a treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/observational-study/)	Observational Study
C16932	odds ratio		The chance of a health event happening in one group compared with the chance of the same event happening in another group. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/odds-ratio/)	Odds Ratio
C125600	off-label		The use of a treatment in a different way or for a condition other than what it is approved for. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/off-label/)	Off-Label Treatment
C49659	open-label		A type of study where participants and research staff know which treatment participants are being given. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/open-label/)	Open Label Study
C221715	opt-in		To agree to optional study activities or optional data uses that are not required for the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/opt-in/)	Subject Opt-In for Optional Activities
C221714	opt-out		To decline optional study activities or optional data uses that are not required for the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/opt-out/)	Subject Opt-Out for Optional Activities
C204098	outcome (of study)		A description of the overall results of the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/outcome-of-study/)	Study Outcome Description
C93407	outcome measure		The way that a study endpoint is measured. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/outcome-measure/)	Study Outcome Measurement
C44185	p-value (probability value)		A number that researchers use to show that a result did not occur by chance. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/p-value-probability-value/)	P-Value
C83083	participant code		A set of numbers, letters, or both that is used to identify a participant instead of their personal information. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/participant-code/)	Subject Identifier
C95401	Patient Reported Outcomes (PROs)		The information that patients share about their own health or well-being to answer questions in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/patient-reported-outcomes-pros/)	Patient Reported Outcome
C16963	peer review		Evaluation by independent experts. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/peer-review/)	Peer Review
C90492	personal data		Any information that is related to a person, including information that can identify them. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/personal-data/)	Personal Information
C49662	Pharmacodynamic (PD) study		A study that measures the effects of a drug on the human body. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/pharmacodynamic-pd-study/)	Pharmacodynamic Study
C15299	Pharmacokinetic (PK) study		A study that measures what happens to a drug in a person's body over time. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/pharmacokinetic-pk-study/)	Pharmacokinetics
C142637	pharmacovigilance		A process to detect, review, and make decisions about drug safety to protect patients. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/pharmacovigilance/)	Pharmacovigilance
C48281	phase		A step in the overall clinical research process to test a new drug or treatment. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/phase/)	Trial Phase
C15303	pilot study		A small study that is done to test a process before starting a larger study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/pilot-study/)	Pilot Study
C753	placebo		Something that looks like the treatment being studied, but doesn't contain any medicine. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/placebo/)	Placebo
C203925	placebo-controlled study		A study with two or more groups where one group is given a placebo. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/placebo-controlled-study/)	Placebo-Controlled Trial
C209468	platform trial		A research study that tests and compares two or more study treatments for a disease or condition, with study treatment groups being added or removed during the study period.	Platform Trial

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			(https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/platform-trial/)	
C38758	positive test result		A test result that shows a person has what was tested for. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/positive-test-result/)	Positive Finding
C142640	post-market surveillance		Continuing to collect and analyze information about the risks and benefits of medicine and devices after they have been approved for patient use. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/post-market-surveillance/)	Postmarketing Surveillance
C187706	post-trial access		When participants can still receive a study treatment after their participation has ended. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/post-trial-access/)	Continued Access Study
C142642	preclinical study		A study to test a treatment in the lab or in animals before testing it in people. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/preclinical-study/)	Preclinical Study
C17010	prevalence		Number of known cases or events in a group. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/prevalence/)	Prevalence
C94496	primary endpoint		A study measure that is used to answer the main research question. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/primary-endpoint/)	Primary Endpoint
C19924	principal investigator		The main researcher who oversees a research study and makes sure it is done as planned. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/principal-investigator/)	Principal Investigator
C54154	probability		The likelihood or chance that something might happen. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/probability/)	Probability
C98769	procedures (for participants)		The activities that participants will be asked to do during the research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/procedures-for-participants/)	Physical Medical Procedure
C28234	progression-free survival		The length of time without a person's illness getting worse. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/progression-free-survival/)	Progression-free Survival
C142646	prospective study		Research that uses new data collected from participants. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/prospective-study/)	Prospective Study
C142451	protocol		A complete description of the research plan and procedures. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/protocol/)	Clinical Trial Protocol
C119264	proxy		A person who is legally allowed to make research decisions for someone else. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/proxy/)	Proxy
C142654	pseudonymize		Replace personal details with a code so that data are protected. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/pseudonymized/)	Pseudonymization
C17047	Quality of Life (QOL)		How someone feels and functions day to day. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/quality-of-life-qol/)	Quality of Life
C17048	questionnaire		A list of questions for study participants to answer as part of the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/questionnaire/)	Questionnaire
C25196	randomization		A way to use chance to place study participants into different study treatment groups. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/randomization/)	Randomization
C46079	randomized controlled trial		Research that uses chance for participants to be assigned to the study treatment group or a comparison group. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/randomized-controlled-trial/)	Randomized Controlled Clinical Trial
C165830	Real World Data (RWD)		Information from many different sources used for health research purposes. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/real-world-data-rwd/)	Real-world Data
C165831	Real World Evidence (RWE)		Findings from analyzing real world data. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/real-world-evidence-rwe/)	Real-world Evidence
C221713	recruiting (status)		When a study is open to new participants joining the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/recruiting-status/)	Study is Recruiting
C93453	registry (study)		An organized list of research information. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/registry-study/)	Study Registry
C93152	relative risk		The chance of a harmful event happening in one study group compared to another. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/relative-risk/)	Relative Risk
C203936	repository (research)		A collection of participant data and samples stored for future research. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/repository-research/)	Research Repository
C203930	results (study)		Findings from the study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/results-study/)	Study Results
C53312	retrospective study		Research that uses already existing data. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/retrospective-study/)	Retrospective Study
C203928	risk-benefit ratio		A comparison of the possible bad and potential good things that could happen if a participant joins a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/risk-benefit-ratio/)	Risk-Benefit Ratio
C142718	risks of a research study		The possible harms of being in a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/risks-of-a-research-study/)	Subject Risk
C70699	sample (study)		Body fluids or tissues collected from a participant during a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/sample-study/)	Biospecimen
C53190	sample size		The number of participants in a study or study group. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/sample-size/)	Sample Size
C142678	schedule of assessments		A chart that lists the study activities and when they will happen during a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/schedule-of-assessments/)	Schedule Of Assessments
C49628	screen failure		When a person cannot join a study because they do not fit its eligibility criteria. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/screen-failure/)	Trial Screen Failure
C48262	screening		Tests and questions to find out if a person can join a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/screening/)	Trial Screening
C139173	secondary endpoint		A measure used to answer other important questions in the study that are not the main research question. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/secondary-endpoint/)	Secondary Endpoint
C41394	sensitivity (medical test)		How well a medical test can accurately identify people who have a disease or trait. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/sensitivity-medical-test/)	Diagnostic Sensitivity
C142685	Serious Adverse Drug Reaction (SADR)		A health issue, possibly caused by a medication, that leads to hospital care, lasting medical problems, life-threatening conditions, or death. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/serious-adverse-drug-reaction-sadr/)	Serious Adverse Drug Reaction
C41335	Serious Adverse Event (SAE)		A health issue that happens during a study and leads to hospital care, lasting medical problems, life-threatening conditions, or death. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/serious-adverse-event-sae/)	Serious Adverse Event
C116527	sham (procedure)		A medical process that looks and feels like the study treatment, but is not expected to have a health effect on the condition being studied. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/sham-procedure/)	Sham Intervention
C2861	side effect		A health change that is not the intended effect of the treatment and usually considered a problem. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/side-effect/)	Side Effect
C28233	single-blind study		A study that is set up so that the study treatment each participant receives is not known by the participants but is known by the researchers. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/single-blind-study/)	Single Blind Study
C41395	specificity (medical test)		How well a medical test can accurately identify people who do not have a disease or trait. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/specificity-medical-test/)	Diagnostic Specificity
C70793	sponsor		The group that is in charge of, or pays for, a research study. (https://dev.mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/sponsor-3/)	Clinical Study Sponsor
C94396	standard of care		The usual treatment given to patients for an illness. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/standard-of-care/)	Best Practice
C61040	statistically significant		Results that are very unlikely to have occurred by chance. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/statistically-significant/)	Statistical Significance
C15320	study design		The way a study is set up to answer the study question. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-design/)	Study Design
C215672	study doctor		A person with relevant health training who makes sure clinical study procedures are done correctly, and participants are safe and cared for. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-doctor/)	Clinical Trial Physician
C209473	study feasibility		How likely it is that a study can be completed. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-feasibility/)	Study Feasibility
C83082	study identifier		A set of numbers, letters, or both, that is used to identify a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-identifier/)	Study Identifier
C25218	study intervention		A treatment given to the participants in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-intervention/)	Clinical Intervention or Procedure
C203929	study life cycle		The steps of a research study from beginning to end. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-life-cycle/)	Study Life Cycle
C41201	study monitor		A qualified person who checks that a research study is being done safely and is following the study plan correctly. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-monitor/)	Study Monitor
C142710	study participant		A person who joins a research study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-participant/)	Study Participant
C70833	study population		All the participants in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-population/)	Study Population
C80403	study site		An approved location where research study activities take place. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-site/)	Study Site
C142737	study statistician		A person who uses math to help design a study and interpret the data. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/study-statistician/)	Trial Statistician
C198230	substudy		A study with a smaller group of participants already enrolled in the main study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/substudy/)	Substudy
C142722	superiority trial		A study to test if a study treatment works better than another treatment for the same condition. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/superiority-trial/)	Superiority Trial
C203931	synergistic effect		When two or more things combined have a greater effect than when their individual effects are added together. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/synergistic-effect/)	Synergistic Effect
C142739	termination (of a research study)		When research is stopped earlier than planned. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/termination-of-a-research-study/)	Trial Termination
C203932	tolerability		How much a participant or group of participants can accept a study treatment's unwanted effects so they can keep taking it. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/tolerability/)	Study Intervention Tolerability
C209469	treatment effect		How much a study treatment changes a condition, symptom, or function. ((https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/treatment-effect/)	Treatment Effect
C209470	umbrella trial		A research study that tests and compares two or more study treatments for one disease or condition. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/umbrella-trial/)	Umbrella Trial
C923	vaccine		A medical substance that helps the body's immune system build protection against an infection or disease. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/vaccine/)	Vaccine
C203933	voluntary participation		Choosing to participate in research without feeling pressured.	Voluntary Participation

C203912	MRCT Center Clinical Research Glossary			
NCI Code	**CDISC Submission Value**	**CDISC Synonym**	**CDISC Definition**	**NCI Preferred Term**
			(https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/voluntary-participation/)	
C42872	wash-out		A time before starting a study treatment when a person stops taking other medicines. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/wash-out/)	Washout Period
C49634	withdraw		To stop being a participant in a study. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/withdraw/)	Withdrawal by Subject
C38101	X-ray		A way of taking pictures of the inside of a person's body using X-ray radiation. (https://mrctcenter.org/glossaryterm/x-ray/)	X-Ray Imaging